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Verifying Timed Properties of Programs

Using Parametric Time Petri Nets

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Based on joint work with Étienne André, Jean-Luc Béchennec, Sudipta Chattopadhyay, Sébastien Faucou, Didier Lime, Olivier H. Roux, Jun Sun



Context: Verifying complex timed systems

- Critical systems: Failures may result in dramatic consequences
- Need for early bug detection
 - Bugs discovered when final testing: expensive
 - Need for a thorough specification and verification phase









Therac-25 (USA, 1980s)

MIM-104 Pat. Mis. Fail. (Iraq, 1991)

Sleipner A offshore platform (Norway, 1991)

Ariane flight V88 (France, 1996)

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Verification is needed to ensure the absence of bugs

Side-channel attacks



Threats to a system using non-algorithmic weaknesses

• e.g., power consumption, electromagnetic radiation, cache usage, **timing**, accoustic emissions, temperature variations, etc.

¹home.xnet.com/~warinner/pizzacites.html (1990s)

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Example



Number of pizzas (and order time) ordered by the white house prior to major war announcements¹

¹home.xnet.com/~warinner/pizzacites.html (1990s)



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Context: Side-channel attacks



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1	// input pwd : Real password	G C
2	<pre>// input attempt: Tentative password</pre>	
3	<pre>for (i = 0; i < min(len(pwd), len(attempt)); i++) {</pre>	
4	<pre>if(pwd[i] != attempt[i]){</pre>	
5	return false	
6	}	
7	}	
8	return true	

pwd	A	L	М	А	S	Т	Y
attempt	A	L	S	0	С		

(L) Execution time (ET):

1 // input pwd : Real password
2 // input attempt: Tentative password
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 \bigcirc Execution time (ET): ε

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() Execution time (ET): ε ε ε ε $= 3\varepsilon$ \Rightarrow 2 correct characters

Problem: The ET is proportional to the **number of consecutive correct** characters from the beginning of attempt

Need to detect timing-leak vulnerabilities

► We want **formal guarantees** → formal methods

- Various methods:
 - Abstract interpretation
 - Static analysis
 - Model checking
 - Theorem proving



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Specification "The system must be safe"









Timing analysis of programs is **hard**: it depends not just on code, but also on **low-level** details of execution

Impact of hardware

- ET is heavily influenced by the **micro**architecture
 - Especially: pipelines, caches, memory hierarchy

Limitations of existing techniques 🧲



- Most abstract time away or focus on coarse properties
 - e.g., schedulability analysis, worst-case execution time (WCET)
- Insufficient for fine-grained timing behaviors
 - e.g., detecting or mitigating *timed side*channels

Model checking



Model checking



Model checking



[And+25]

A modular and automated approach to build formal models to analyze timing behaviors

binary code with the hardware

[And+25] Étienne André *et al.*, "Verifying Timed Properties of Programs in IoT nodes using Parametric Time Petri Nets," in *SAC 2025*, 2025.

A modular and automated approach to build formal models to analyze timing behaviors

binary code with the hardware

An implementation

- *• targeting a realistic micro-architecture of a simple micro-controller*
- producing time Petri nets models

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An application to **timing attacks** in **C programs** using the **Roméo** model checker

[[]And+25] Étienne André *et al.*, "Verifying Timed Properties of Programs in IoT nodes using Parametric Time Petri Nets," in *SAC 2025*, 2025.

Methodology









- e.g., possible execution times
- application: password leak detection



[[]TLR09] Louis-Marie Traonouez, Didier Lime, and Olivier H. Roux, "Parametric Model-Checking of Stopwatch Petri Nets," *Journal of Universal Computer Science*, 2009.

Extension of **Petri nets** with **•** firing times

timing parameters



[TLR09] Louis-Marie Traonouez, Didier Lime, and Olivier H. Roux, "Parametric Model-Checking of Stopwatch Petri Nets," Journal of Universal Computer Science, 2009.

TLR09

Extension of **Petri nets** with



- timing parameters
- integer-valued variables (with guards and updates)



[TLR09]

[[]TLR09] Louis-Marie Traonouez, Didier Lime, and Olivier H. Roux, "Parametric Model-Checking of Stopwatch Petri Nets," *Journal of Universal Computer Science*, 2009.

Our hardware

- Model of the processor architecture
 - relatively simple micro-architecture similar to ARM Cortex M0+ core, with a 2-stage pipeline (Fetch and Execute)
- Model of the instruction set architecture (ISA)
 - ► ARMv6-M ISA

Features

- Execution pipeline of the processor
- Unique memory space
 - (instructions and data)
- Bus between the processor and memory
- Direct-mapped instruction cache
 - with 16 lines of 32 bytes
 - no actual instructions, but only information about their presence
- No data cache
- Among the limitations: no switch/case, function pointers. . .

PTPN hardware model

• doFetch, isHit and accessCount: variables used to synchronize with the software





- executing the instruction
- Pipeline fetch: doFetch
- Memory access: accessCount and isHit
- Structurally identical to the control flow graph



- Including the hardware and software models
- Written in 🮯 and 👶
- ▶ All the way from the *S* source code to the PTPN model
- **O** Entirely open source (github.com/DylanMarinho/codeToPN/)

Target model checker: Roméo [Lim+09]



- Parametric timed model checker supporting (extensions) of PTPNs
- Including C-like code to be executed during transitions

[[]Lim+09] Didier Lime, Olivier H. Roux, Charlotte Seidner, and Louis-Marie Traonouez, "Romeo: A Parametric Model-Checker for Petri Nets with Stopwatches," in *TACAS 2009*, 2009.

Application to security properties

Timing attacks

\mathbf{X}

- Attacker can infer information about the secret key by measuring the execution time of the program
 - e.g., password checking program

Execution-time opacity [And+23]

"Can the attacker deduce internal behavior by only observing the execution time?"

[[]And+23] Étienne André, Engel Lefaucheux, Didier Lime, Dylan Marinho, and Jun Sun, "Configuring Timing Parameters to Ensure Execution-Time Opacity in Timed Automata," in *TiCSA@ETAPS 2023*, 2023.

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Use of timing parameters: to measure execution times

[[]And+23] Étienne André, Engel Lefaucheux, Didier Lime, Dylan Marinho, and Jun Sun, "Configuring Timing Parameters to Ensure Execution-Time Opacity in Timed Automata," in *TiCSA@ETAPS 2023*, 2023.

Which of the following two programs is not secure?



1	int	main() {
2		int i;
3		<pre>int length = 10; // length of the strings</pre>
4		<pre>char ca[11] = "patehenaff";</pre>
5		<pre>char cb[11] = "pasta";</pre>
6		
7		<pre>int result = 1; // true</pre>
8		
9		<pre>for (i = 0; i < length; i++){</pre>
10		<pre>result &= (ca[i] == cb[i]);</pre>
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Unsecure

Secure

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Unsecure - ET sensitive

- ▶ 758 for the secret password
- {362, 404, 446, 488, 530, 572, 614, 656, 698, 740} for any other password

Secure - Constant ET: 876

Is this third program secure?



Is this third program secure?



- It seems so: very close to the former secure program
- But it is not due to the instruction cache
 - ▶ 876 for the secret password
 - {816, 822, 828, 834, 840, 846, 852, 858, 864, 870} for any other password

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We can **reconfigure** the program, by **making it opaque**

- -
 - adding 6 nop instructions at the end of one branch
 - ► (see paper)

Conclusion and perspectives

Conclusion

End-to-end approach on **binary code timing analysis**, subject to microarchitectural constraints

- automated production of timed formal models of both the program and the hardware architecture
 - using (parametric) time Petri nets

Illustrative case-study: **detection of timing leaks** in *G* programs

- via parameter synthesis techniques using Roméo
- (manual) reconfiguration of the program to make it opaque



- Modeling and analysis of programs on multicore architectures
- Automatic modification of a program to make it opaque
- Handling more complex attacks
 - Fault-injection
 - Cache side-channels
 - flush and reload, prime and probe
 - Energy-based attacks



Formal proof of our translation?







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Bibliography

- [And+25] Étienne André *et al.*, "Verifying Timed Properties of Programs in IoT nodes using Parametric Time Petri Nets," in *SAC 2025*, 2025.
- [TLR09] Louis-Marie Traonouez, Didier Lime, and Olivier H. Roux, "Parametric Model-Checking of Stopwatch Petri Nets," *Journal of Universal Computer Science*, 2009.
- [Lim+09] Didier Lime, Olivier H. Roux, Charlotte Seidner, and Louis-Marie Traonouez, "Romeo: A Parametric Model-Checker for Petri Nets with Stopwatches," in *TACAS 2009*, 2009.
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Additional information

Explanation of the pictures



- ► Therac-25 bug
- Computer bug, race condition
- Consequences: multiple fatalities



- Allusion to the MIM-104 Patriot Missile Failure (Iraq, 1991)
- > 28 fatalities, hundreds of injured
- Computer bug: software error (clock drift)
- (Picture of an actual MIM-104 Patriot Missile, though not the one of 1991)



- Allusion to the sinking of the Sleipner A offshore platform (Norway, 1991)
- No fatalities
- Computer bug: inaccurate finite element analysis modeling
- ▶ (Picture actually from the Deepwater Horizon Offshore Drilling Platform)

Explanation of the pictures





- Computer bug (notably integer overflow)
- Consequences: US\$370 million





- ▶ USA, June 2025
- Empty bars during Iran's riposte against US military bases.

(Dr. Dominic Ng)

- USA, 24 June 2025
- After the Israel-Iran ceasefire

(Dr. Dominic Ng)



- Prefecture de Police, Paris (France, 17th July 2024 at 10:10 PM)
- Delivers in front of the Prefecture de Police, Paris
- The day before closing the center of Paris to prepare the 2024 Olympic Games

Licensing

Sources of the graphics





- ► Author : ESA
- Source : https://www.esa.int/ESA_Multimedia/Images/2009/09/Explosion_of_first_Ariane_5_flight_
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Sources of the graphics



- ► Title : Therac-25
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- Source : https://arquivonuclear.blogspot.com/2011/03/therac-25.html
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- ► Title : Autonomous robot vehicle or ADV typically used for food or grocery delivery
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